

SKIN REACTION ON HPV INFECTIONS

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INTRODUCTION. Despite the huge number of studies on HPV infection, the development of HPV prevention in women of different age groups, the issue of early detection of carcinogenesis in the structures of the female reproductive system have not been solved yet [1–9]. Moreover, 98% spontaneously recover without treatment HPV — infection suggest some speculative to get vaccinated, and the lack of comprehensive evidence that certain strains are more common against cancer of the cervix is more pathogenic than others. Not resolved the issue, on which the depth of contamination in the epithelial layer of the virus [15, 19]. Given that about 30% of women are infected and have symptoms of the virus-genital warts, the relevance of the study of mucosal immune homeostasis of the cervix is extremely high.

THE PURPOSE OF THE STUDY. Our research is devoted to the study of immune homeostasis mucous membrane of the cervix of women and the interaction of cells with different cluster immune phagocytic level of differentiation in the transition zone of stratified squamous epithelium of the cervix in a single-layer cylindrical.

METHODS. The paper material used mucous membrane of the cervix in women aged 18 to 78 years. For clinical and patient consent is extracted material lining the cervix against papilloma warts. Additionally performed PCR-reaction to the identification and proof of strains of HPV. Immunohistochemistry to

detect CD4, CD8, CD10, CD68, CD163, CD204 made phenotyping of immune cells and analyzed their quantitative relations, especially the topography of immune cells in PVH. Studied for comparison composition and topography immunocytes with PVH human skin. Analysis of the results was performed using a microscope Olympus BX51, illustrations derived from the digital camera CD x 25, the statistical treatment of the material is produced using proprietary software by Olympus.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION. We found that in the lamina propria mucosa of the cervical canal and papillary dermis identified CD phenotypes: CD4, CD8, CD10, CD68, CD163, CD204. We observed that infection with papilloma CD68 antigen presenting cells are identified in large numbers only in the lamina propria of the mucous membrane, and completely absent in the epithelial plate. This indicates that the papilloma infection one of the key moments in the pathogenesis of dysgenesis and disruption recovery reservoir may be a perversion antigen presentation and subsequent immune cell interactions [10, 13, 20].

CONCLUSION. The mucous membrane of the cervix and the human skin with PVH violation stroke physiological regulation and the appearance of growths in the form of warts and genital warts due to a violation of antigen presentation CD68, their position in the underlying epithelium, connective tissue and the complete lack of epithelial layers. Our data are consistent with the data of other authors [11, 12, 14, 16–18].

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